

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

"HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY."

PER WEEK SIX CENTS.
SINGLE NUMBER ONE CENT.

MAYSVILLE, MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 16, 1882.

Vol. 1. No. 47.

BLUEGRASS ROUTE.

Kentucky Central R. R.

THE MOST DESIRABLE ROUTE TO

CINCINNATI.

ONLY LINE RUNNING

FREE PARLOR CARS.

BETWEEN

LEXINGTON AND CINCINNATI.

Time table in effect March 31, 1881.

Leave Lexington	7:30 a. m.	2:15 p. m.
Leave Maysville	5:45 a. m.	12:30 p. m.
Leave Paris	8:20 a. m.	3:05 p. m.
Leave Cynthiana	8:55 a. m.	3:40 p. m.
Leave Falmouth	10:00 a. m.	4:45 p. m.
Arr. Cincinnati	11:45 a. m.	6:30 p. m.
Leave Lexington	4:35 p. m.	
Arrive Maysville	8:15 p. m.	
Free Parlor Car leave Lexington at	2:15 p. m.	
Free Parlor Car leave Cincinnati at	2:00 p. m.	

Close connection made in Cincinnati for all points North, East and West. Special rates to immigrants. Ask the agent at the above named places for a time folder of "Blue Grass Route." Round trip tickets from Maysville and Lexington to Cincinnati sold at reduced rates.

For rates on household goods and Western tickets address CHAS. H. HASLETT, Gen'l Emigration Agt., Covington, Ky. JAMES C. ERNST, Gen'l Pass, and Ticket Agt.

TIME-TABLE

Covington, Flemingsburg and Pound Gap RAILROAD.

Connecting with Trains on K. C. R. R.

Leave FLEMINGSBURG for Johnson Station:	
6:45 a. m. Cincinnati Express.	
8:15 a. m. Maysville Accommodation.	
8:25 p. m. Lexington.	
7:02 p. m. Maysville Express.	
Leave JOHNSON STATION for Flemingsburg on the arrival of Trains on the K. C. R. R.:	
6:23 a. m. 4:00 p. m.	
9:48 a. m. 7:37 p. m.	



Will be mailed free to all applicants, and to customers without demanding it. It contains five colored plates, 600 engravings, above 1,000 pages, and full descriptions, prices and directions for planting and cultivation of Fruits and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc., invaluable to all. Michigan corn seeds will be found more reliable for planting in the South than those grown in a warmer climate. We make a specialty of supplying Planters, Truckmen and Market Gardeners. Address, D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

HAVING sold to Mr. M. C. R. SSELL, a one-half interest in my stock of Groceries, Liquors, Seed, &c., the business will be carried on in the future in the name of

RICHARDSON & CO.

I desire all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me either by account or note to call and make payment at their earliest convenience. In my absence Mr. M. C. Russell will pay out on my account or receive any money due me.

Aug 25. D. A. RICHARDSON.

A. SORRIES,

DEALER IN

GUNS, PISTOLS, WALKING CANES, &c.

ALSO, REPAIRS GUNS, LOCKS, Umbrellas, Parasols, Sewing Machines, &c., &c.
Keys on hand and Made to Order.
Stencil Cutting a Specialty.
Second Street, bet. Market & Limestone Sts.
MAYSVILLE, KY.

THE DAILY BULLETIN.

Published every afternoon and delivered in this city, the suburbs and Aberdeen by our carriers, at **6 CENTS** a week.

It is welcomed in the households of men of both political parties, for the reason that it is more of a newspaper than a political journal.

Its wide circulation therefore makes it a valuable vehicle for business announcements, which we respectfully invite to our columns.

Advertising Rates Low.

Liberal discount where advertisers use both the daily and weekly. For rates apply to

ROSSER & McCARTHY,

Publishers.

JOB WORK

Of all kinds neatly, promptly and cheaply done at the office of the DAILY BULLETIN.

The Bank of England.

The Bank of England is governed by a Board of Directors, a Governor and a Deputy Governor. The Board of Directors is, in fact, self-electing. The offices of Governor and Deputy Governor are given in rotation; the Deputy Governor always succeeds the Governor, and usually the oldest Director who has not been in office becomes Deputy Governor. It is usually about twenty years from the time of a man's first election that he arrives, as it is called, at the chair; accordingly Bank Directors, when first chosen by the board, are always young men. Some of the Directors retire annually, but by courtesy it is always the young ones; those who have passed the chair—that is, who have served the office of Governor—always remain; the young part of the board is the fluctuating part, and the old part is the permanent part. The elder members of the board—that is, those who have passed the chair—form a standing committee of indefinite powers—no precise description has ever been given of them; and this committee are called the Committee of Treasury. In the English sense, no "banker" has a chance of being a Bank Director. The mass of the Bank Directors are merchants of experience, employing a considerable capital in trades in which they have been brought up, and with which they are well acquainted. Many of them have information as to the present course of trade, and as to the character and wealth of merchants, which is most valuable, or, rather, is all but invaluable, to the bank.

The Governor and Deputy Governor, who form the executive, change every two years. There are twenty-four Directors, a Governor and a Deputy Governor, making a court of twenty-six persons, and the court meets only once a week, and then but for a short time. The management of the entire public debt of Great Britain is in the hands of the bank, for which service it receives a compensation, which has from time to time varied in amount according to circumstances. Says Adam Smith: "She (the bank) acts not only as an ordinary bank, but as a great engine of state. She receives and pays the greater part of the annuities which are due to the creditors of the public; she circulates exchequer bills; she advances to the Government the annual amount of the land and malt taxes, which are frequently not paid till some years thereafter."

Cork.

Cork is the outer bark of a tree called cork oak, *quercus suber*, and once in every eight years the crop of cork is gathered from those trees. The cork is the outer bark, which, after the tree is four or five years old, makes a rapid growth and becomes very thick. While this outer bark is increasing a new bark forms on the inner side, and thus the Creator has provided a covering for the tree by the time the old bark shall become cracked and dry, and useless for further protection. It is just before the outer bark has reached this useless condition and while there is yet life and pliability left in it, that the workmen go forth and carefully separate it from the trees. This operation is performed during the summer months by cutting furrows in the bark, lengthwise, and making cuts crosswise, about forty inches apart; the bark is then beaten, in order to loosen it from the tissues beneath, after which it is pried off in square pieces. The bark is finally carted to the factory, where men and boys cut and turn it into the different shapes used for cork, bungs and such like. If the barking or peeling is carefully done, without hurting the new bark beneath, it does no injury to the tree, but is beneficial in removing what would eventually become an encumbrance.

The Habit of Saving.

Children who have a little money ought to practice saving something. Many boys and girls of to-day hardly know a higher use for any money that comes into their hands than spending it for some foolish thing as quickly as possible. To such a lesson in self-denial and economy is very important. As go the boy's pennies and dimes, so, very likely, will go the man's dollars and hundreds by and by. Without having the spirit of a miser, the person accustomed to save has more pleasure in laying up than a spendthrift ever knows.

The way to keep money is to earn it fairly and honestly. Money so obtained is pretty certain to abide with its possessor. But money that is inherited, or that in any way comes without a fair and just equivalent, is almost certain to go as it came. The young man who begins by saving a few dollars a month and thrifitly increases his store—every coin being a representative of good, solid work, honestly and manfully done—stands a better chance to spend the last half of his life in affluence and comfort, than he who, in his haste to become rich, obtains money by dashing speculations, or the devious means which abound in the foggy region lying between fair dealing and actual fraud. Among the wisest and most thrifit men of wealth, the current proverb is, money goes as it comes. Let the young make a note of this, and see that their money comes fairly, that it may long abide with them.—*Exchange*.

Making Flowers of Soap-Bubbles.

A pretty experiments has been described by the well-known Belgian physici-t, M. Plateau. He bends fine iron wire, so as to present the contour of a flower of six petals. The central ring to which the petals are attached is supported on a forking stem, which is stuck in a piece of wood. After oxidizing the wire slightly with weak nitric acid the flower is dipped in glycerine liquid so as to receive films in the petals and the central part. It is then turned up, placed on a table near a window and covered with a bell jar.

For a little at first it appears colorless, but soon striking play of colors commences. In the experiment, M. Plateau describes, the flower continued showing modifications of color for ten hours, when dusk stopped observation. Next morning several petals had burst. The liquid used was of very mediocre quality. M. Plateau recommends preparation of the liquid thus: Dissolve a fresh piece of Marseilles soap, cut up into small pieces, in forty parts by weight of hot distilled water. Filter after cooling and mix thoroughly three volumes of the solution with two of Price's glycerine. The solution should be left at rest till all the air bubbles are gone.—*London Times*.

CREEPING through a perforated stone for certain diseases was a Druidic rite.

FRANCE four years ago engraved upon her statute-book this law: "A man three times intoxicated shall forfeit his right to vote. He shall not hold an office under Government; he shall be disqualified from serving in the army."

Be not diverted from your duty by any idle reflections the silly world may make upon you, for their censurers are not in your power, and consequently should not be any part of your concern.

THERE is no necessity in nature for the alarming disasters so prevalent and the sudden deaths so common. A healthily constituted man or woman ought to wear bright until three score and ten.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 16, 1882.

Who Pay the Taxes.

The Pittsburg Post says: These millions of surplus in the treasury are the results of excessive taxation, and as all taxes are paid by the consumers, they represent a drain on the earnings of the farmer, the mechanic and the laborer. The great capitalist and corporations do not contribute in proportion to their surplus wealth but merely on what they consume. Thus, Vanderbilt owns fifty millions of United States four percents, on which he has a yearly income of about two million dollars or about four hundred thousand dollars a week, and yet he contributes no more to the national treasury than a man whose yearly wages do not amount to what Vanderbilt's non-taxable government bonds earn for him every six hours. Vanderbilt merely pays on what he eats and wears, and the draymen or the day laborer does the same.

An income tax would have remedied this and compelled the millionaire to pay in proportion to this accumulated wealth that the government protects. If our revenues, as in England, were largely raised by taxes on incomes, there would be no inviting and corrupting surplus in the treasury. The influential and wealthy few would soon see to that; but as our taxes are levied on the millions of consumers in the country, and mainly by indirect methods, there is no loud cry for reduced taxation or stringent economy in expenditure. The millionaires are satisfied with existing conditions, and the masses are either indifferent or ill informed.

The point we desire to make is that this money in the federal treasury, for which the republican jobbers and speculators are organizing their raids under all sorts of plausible and patriotic pretenses—"the old flag and an appropriation" as a rule—is drawn from the earnings of the American people. Millionaires as such contribute nothing to it. It comes from the great middle class, the farmers, the mechanics and the laborers. These lobby schemes are inventions to rob them and should be resisted. If there is too much money in the treasury, cut the tax down to the requirements of an economical administration. Do not make a surplus, drained from the pockets of the people, the excuse or justification of costly and profligate schemes, foreign to the legitimate purposes of the federal government.

The Republicans are talking of running Green Clay Smith as an independent candidate for clerk of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky.

The House Banking and Currency Committee will report favorably on the bill providing for the extension of National Bank charters.

DAKOTA's biggest claim to admission is not so much upon the population she now has as upon what she expects to have in the near future.

NOTWITHSTANDING reports to the contrary, the withdrawal of Grant's name from the Nicaraguan Canal project is repeated an excellent authority.

The Kentucky Railroad Commission claims to have saved the State \$1,000,000 by increasing assessments of railroad property and securing reductions of passenger and freight tariffs.

SECRETARY Frelinghysen has received from St. Petersburg some later news respecting the fate of the Jeannette and crew. The Jeannette was caught in the ice October 1, 1879, drifted with the winds and current till last June, and was then abandoned.

BY TELEGRAPH.

John J. Ferrill killed by cars at Kokomo, Ind.

There is to be a grand pilgrimage to Rome.

John Harvey was severely burned at Akron, O.

Hon. E. A. Small, a prominent Chicago lawyer, is dead.

Jesse Marrs, colored, killed by cars at Shelbyville, Ky.

Considerable alarm is occasioned by the sickness of Garibaldi.

The coronation of the Czar has been postponed until next July.

Gladstone has expressed himself against a revival of the tariff in England.

Thomas Alexander was run over and killed by a train near Mt. Sterling.

The salaries of the judges of the principal courts of Ohio have been raised.

John Horn was shot by A. G. Miller during a dance near Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Samuel Slanker, an old resident of Canton, O., is dead.

J. C. Steinfeld & Co., of Detroit have failed. Liabilities, \$75,000.

The loss by the fire at Galveston, Tex., it is thought will reach nearly a million dollars.

Constable George Dorley was severely stabbed at Sullivan, Indiana, by some unknown person.

The number of business failures last week were greater than any other week for a year past.

Near Madison, Wis., a young lady named Belle Keiser was brutally outraged by John Conlan.

At Shelbyville, Ky., a negro boy aged fifteen, fell under a train and had his head taken off by the wheels.

The coroner's jury in London have found a verdict of willful murder against the American Dr. Lamson.

Mrs. Caroline Richings Bernard, the well-known opera singer died of small-pox at Richmond, Va.

W. T. Burris, formerly of Cincinnati, is to be hanged for murder of Wm. Sturdevant, at Dover, Ark.

In the Guiteau trial Saturday, Judge Cox decided against Scoville's application to allow Guiteau to address the jury.

The report of investigation of Pitney, as custodian of the Treasury Contingent Fund will show gross misuse of the public money.

A train on the Hudson River Railroad Friday, having the New York Assembly on board, was telescoped by another train near Spuyten Duyvill, and twelve were killed and others seriously hurt.

At Irondale, Ill., a man named Edward Mueller, who was suffering with smallpox, was cared for by Ralph Johnson and his wife. When he was approaching convalescence he robbed Johnson of what little money he had and then outraged the person of his benefactor's wife. He succeeded in escaping.

The cattle men at Brownville, Texas give an account of a mysterious and terrible disease that is affecting the inhabitants of the ranches. It is described as follows: First a pimple or red spot shows itself upon the face near the nose. This at once spreads, swelling the whole head up in a horrible manner, and death is certain to ensue in a short time. The disease is said to resemble in its symptoms the terrible Asiatic plague, and it baffles the knowledge of the medical men. There is fear of the disease spreading, and much consternation is said to exist among some of the ranchmen.

The Danville Advocate says: The salary of the Danville postmaster is \$2,500; Harrodsburg, \$1,400; Lebanon, \$1,500; Stanford, \$1,100. The Louisville office is, of course, the best the salary being \$3,400. Covington comes next at \$2,500. The Newport office pays \$2,200; the Maysville, \$1,900; Shelbyville, \$1,700. The commissions of all the postmasters at these points have expired, and the anxious ones are now struggling to get them.

Letter from Catlettsburg.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., Jan. 15, 1882.
Editor Bulletin: Possibly our friends in Maysville, would like to hear from us.

We arrived in this city about three o'clock last Wednesday afternoon, on the steamer Telegraph and with the Lexington Guards in the lead, the McCreary Guards second, and the Mason County Guards in the rear with the prisoners in charge, marched directly to the Court house. The prisoners were at once lodged in the jail which is in the rear of the Court House and special detail placed on guard. Our "quarters" were then assigned us on the second floor above the county offices. The Lexington Guards are quartered opposite us across the hall and the McCreary Guards on the second floor of the Court House above the general assembly room. At 6:30 the command "fall in" was given and leaving one company on guard we were marched to the Alger House for supper. After all had finished eating we were marched back to our quarters and Sergeant Sallee read our orders.

These orders require us to report every night at half-past eight and lights must be out at nine o'clock. The "Reville" is sounded at 5:30 o'clock and we were marched to breakfast at 6:30 Thursday, it was thought that there were too many of us at the Argle House and our captains drew cuts for three hotels. The Lexington Guards drew the Argle House, the McCreary Guards the Price House and the Mason County Guards the Crow House. On Thursday evening the guards were invited to attend a social given by the Presbyterian church at the residence of Mrs. R. B. Patton. Quite a number attended and were loud in their praises for the cordial manner in which they were treated and all join in thanking Mr. and Mrs. Patton for their kindness which under the circumstances they could well appreciate. The dress parade, which occurs every afternoon at four o'clock in front of the Court House attracts a great many people, and the people of Mason county have every cause in the world to be proud of the Guards, for I assure you they receive their full share of the compliments. Major Allen is liked by all the guards, and the officers also are very popular, and take the three companies generally, they are like a great big family of boys, and as jolly and congenial set of military men as could possibly be gotten together.

The grand jury yesterday returned three indictments against Neil and Craft jointly and three against Ellis, all for murder, (one indictment for each of the victims killed.) Their trials are set for next week. There is an undercurrent of excitement which is liable to break out at any time, but up to the present no demonstrations have been made and we have been treated with the greatest cordiality.

I will send word concerning us every day or so, and as captain Respass and Lieutenant Cochran take good care of us none of our friends need have any fear as to our welfare. Hoping to see you all again soon, I remain yours in behalf of the Mason County Guards. FIGARO.

The wife and sons of David Smith, a farmer, near Washington, Wayne county, Ind., have been arrested charged with killing the old man and concealing his body in a well.

A few weeks ago Jack Neal a merchant doing business in Floyd county, Ky., returned from Portsmouth with the smallpox. During his sickness he was visited by the neighbors. Mr. Neal died of the loathsome disease and there are now thirty cases in the neighborhood.

GARRETT S. WALL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

and County Judge,

OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE, MAYSVILLE, KY.

Will practice in Circuit Courts of Mason and

adjoining Counties and Court of Appeals.

July 12, 1877-ly

G. S. JUDD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Court Street,

dec. 25th

MAYSVILLE, KY.

E. L. WORTHINGTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE—COURT STREET,

march 11, 1880.

MAYSVILLE, KY.

M. F. MARSH.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Examiner for Mason County and Real Estate and Insurance Agent. Special attention given to collections. Office Court street, Maysville, Ky.

n^o 24

C. COONS & SALLEE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

And Examiners for Mason County,

MAYSVILLE, KY.,

Will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Remittances made promptly. Office—Third Street near Courthouse. July 15

NEW MARBLE YARD.

We respectfully announce to the public that we have opened a marble yard on Second street, above Yancey & Alexander's stable, and are prepared to furnish Monuments, Tomb Stones, Freestone, Pavements, and building work of all kinds; promptly on short notice, marlily

COOK & CLARK.

D. R. W. S. MOORES, Dentist.

FULL SET OF TEETH \$10.

TEETH drawn by SPRAY. Office old stand, Second street. may 26-ly.

T. H. N. SMITH.

DENTIST.

COURT STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY.

Gas used in the extraction of teeth.

F. FRANK HAUCKE,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

glazier, paper hanger, &c., Second street, opposite pork house. Will give prompt attention to all work in my line, and ask but a reasonable price.

Sept. 2. MAYSVILLE, KY.

D. E. ROBERTS & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

LIMESTONE MILLS, Maysville, Ky.

MAYSVILLE and Limestone and High Grade Patent Process Flour, Middlings, Shipstuffs and Bran on hand at all times. Highest price paid for Wheat. July 8-ly

ESTABLISHED 1865.

EQUITY GROCERY.

HEADQUARTERS for Choice Families' Supplies. Try our \$1 ten the best in the city. Special inducements to cash buyers. Highest cash price paid for fancy butter, fresh eggs, fat poultry, &c. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. d16 fm G. W. GEISEL, No. 9 Second street

Beg leave to announce to their friends and the public generally that they are displaying unquestionably the handsomest line of fancy goods and other articles suitable to the holidays, ever exhibited in the city.

Ladies' purses in plush, Russia and Calf. Ladies' satchels, in leather, the latest styles. Odors in variety of styles. Puff boxes, toilet sets, soaps of all kinds. Brushes of all kinds and at all prices. Combs, perfumery, etc. Pure old whiskies, brandies, wines and gins for medicinal and holiday purposes. The public will find at our establishment the choicest goods at reasonable prices.

CHENOWETH & CO.

DRUGGISTS,

SECOND STREET,

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 16, 1882.

WHOMVER wants a help-mate true,
Intelligent and pretty,
To get the best, he lies unto
Our Seven Acre City.

And off they go to other fields
Because, our boys, dad drat 'em,
Haven't got the needed pluck
To make a passage at 'em.

THE hotel business has been dull for
several days past.

It is raining hard at Pittsburg and a big
river is predicted.

PARS now gets Big Sandy coal at nineteen
cents a bushel.

W. W. BALL, last week, sold his farm
near Orangeburg, to Q. R. Shipley, for
\$2,400.

THE case of the Commonwealth against
Thomas P. Anderson, is in progress in the
circuit court to-day.

SEVERAL large rafts of logs have arrived
here for W. B. Matthews & Co., and the
Kentucky Planing Mill.

W. W. BALDWIN & Co., received sixty-
miles by the K. C. R. R., Thursday, from
the interior of the State.

THE "drifters" are reaping a rich har-
vest at this place just now. Many good
logs, staves, etc., have been caught.

THE wet weather has molded the tobacco
in some parts of the state. We have how-
ever, heard of very little damage here from
that cause.

GEORGE MEANS has bought Steve Potter's
stock of groceries in East Maysville and
intends to carry on the business in first
class style.

THE BULLETIN is indebted to Miss Lizzie
Showen, a fair resident of the Cabin Creek
neighborhood, for several very interesting
fossils from her collection.

SOMETHING over one hundred and sixty
thousand pounds of tobacco were received
last week at the Merrimac Warehouse by
Messrs. J. C. Owens & Co.

A GENTLEMAN who was here this week
from the Big Sandy country, says the late
fresher carried away about two million
staves and more than ten thousand logs.

REV. H. D. RICE, who has been holding
a protracted meeting in Brown county, O.,
has been very successful and has added a
number of new members to his church.

THE alarm of fire Saturday night was
occasioned by the burning of a shanty on
Wm. Wormald's coal float. It caught fire
accidentally from a stove. The loss was
slight.

THE funeral of Mr. David E. Roberts, sr.,
took place to-day at two o'clock, p. m.,
from the Methodist Episcopal Church,
after services by Rev. E. L. Sanders, the
pastor. The remains were attended to
their last resting place by a large concourse
of sorrowing friends.

THE Mount Nebo church, near Hamers-
ville, Brown county, Ohio, was destroyed
by fire a few days ago. It was the work
of incendiaries. There was no insurance
on the building, but several hundred dol-
lars have already been raised in the neigh-
borhood to replace it.

MR. STEPHEN B. CURRAN, father of Mr.
Thomas A. Curran, Attorney for the Com-
monwealth in this Judicial District died at
Claysville, Harrison county, on the 11th
inst. aged ninety-two years. He had been
magistrate and sheriff and was at one time
the representative in the Legislature from
that county.

LATEST FROM CATLETSBURG.

Fifty Jurors Summoned in the Murder Case, and the Trial Continued Until To-Morrow.

This morning in the circuit court, when
the Ashland murder case was called judge
Brown ordered fifty jurors to be sum-
moned and then adjourned court until to-
morrow. It is anticipated that there will
be considerable difficulty in getting a jury.
The town is full of visitors and a great
deal of interest is manifested in the ap-
proaching trials.

Circuit Court.

FIFTH DAY.

G. W. Thompson was found guilty of
selling liquor to a minor and fined \$50 and
costs.

Wm. McCullough was found guilty of
same offense and fined \$50 and costs.

R. M. Evans was found guilty of carrying
a concealed deadly weapon and fined
\$25 and sent to jail for ten days.

Thomas Maher and Patrick Maher were
found guilty of setting up a gaming table
on their premises and fined \$250 and costs.

PERSONALS.

Points About People Here and Elsewhere.

Mr. George Martin left Saturday, to at-
tend school at Stony Point, near Paris.

Mr. Philip Clipp, of the steamer Fleet-
wood, is visiting Maysville friends.

Mr. Robert Wallace, of Cincinnati, is
here to-day on a short visit to his friends.

At the Central:

H Collings, Manchester.
R Anderson, Cincinnati.
E C Pollock, " "
R S Wallace, " "
Ben Bowman, " "
J Wise, " "
J H McArthur, Chicago.
T Sullivan, county.
W W Gault, " "
W W Baldwin, " "
W G Rickhili, Frankhill, Ky.
H Ashton, Flemingsburg.
Mrs. Moore, Vanceburg.
J H Davis, Baltimore.
F H Abbott, K C R R.
R H Prichard, Catlettsburg.

THE river is still swelling and is very
nearly bank full.

IF you want building association stock
you will, doubtless, now have to pay a pre-
mium for it.

LYNN MCKIBBEN was appointed surveyor
of Brown county, in place of Mr. Vance
who failed to qualify.

1882 began on Sunday and will close on
the same day, consequently there will be
fifty-three Sundays this year.

THE Ripley Times says George Lough-
ridge, colored, who shot Scott Shaw, was
sentenced to the penitentiary for one year
and not three as published.

THE trial of the James McNutt stab-
bing case has been postponed by Mayor
January to the first Saturday in Febru-
ary, on account of the absence of some
of the witnesses at Catlettsburg.

MR. J. Wood Pogue, formerly of this
city, is traveling for one of the best houses
of Cincinnati, and we are pleased to learn,
is held in high esteem by his employers.
He is at present traveling through the
Southern States.

THE following marriage licenses have
been issued in Brown county, Ohio, since
our last report:

E. C. Ross and Mary A. Howland,
James Shafer and Mary A. Elschlager,
Francis Lindsey and Louisa J. Elschlager,
Joseph Hancock and Mary Dyer.

ALL the children in the public schools
at Paris were vaccinated last week. There
are two cases of small pox in the county,
one at Brentsville and the other at Rock-
ersville. The Citizen says the reports
have been very much exaggerated.

MR. J. W. SPARKS this morning received
the sad news of the death of his mother,
Mrs. Cynthia Sparks, at Manchester. He
has the sympathy of many friends.

A DESPATCH from Catlettsburg to one of
the Cincinnati papers says:

Detective James Heflin, to whom the success
of the search for the murderers is due, has thus
far refused to accept a dollar of reward from
the committee, and will undoubtedly continue
to do so until their guilt is legally established.
He is a wholesouled man, with his heart in the
work, and was not working merely for money
and reputation. The people of Eastern Ken-
tucky are proud of Heflin.

THE number of shares in the building
Association having reached the limit
named in the charter the books have been
closed and no more will be sold. More than
two thousand shares have been taken.
The third series was filled in a few days.
No association in the country has been
more honestly and intelligently managed
than this.

ABERDEEN ITEMS.

Mr. Murray sold on Thursday last his
property on the hillside to Mr. Wm. Hood,
for \$1,100. Mr. Hood will occupy it as a
residence and will take possession March
1st.

The sons of Temperance organized with
a large membership, and will have a lodge
room at the Odd Fellows' Hall. The mem-
bers are requested to meet to-night at the
school house.

Coal sells at ten cents a bushel delivered.

Mr. Frank Vance, of Manchester, and
Mr. J. H. Mavity of Vanceburg were here
Saturday.

There is not a vacant house in town.
Capitalists could profitably invest their
money here by putting up a few neat and
comfortable residences for rent.

The railroad surveyors are still at work
here. They are a very clever set of men
and are popular with the public.

MARRIED.

At Bradysville, O., Miss SERILDA CARSON
to Mr. JOHN DRYDEN.

DIED.

Near Lewisburg, Ky., January 1, 1882, Mrs.
J. H. Overly, of typhoid pneumonia.

TO-DAY'S MARKETS.

The following are the market quotations up
to noon to-day, telegraphed to the DAILY BUL-
LETIN by Githrie & Miller, 29 and 31 Pike's
Opera House building, Cincinnati, O.: CHICAGO.

February wheat..... \$1 27 $\frac{1}{2}$

May corn..... 66

February pork..... 17 10

" hind..... 11 02 $\frac{1}{2}$

February wheat..... \$1 41 $\frac{1}{2}$

NEW YORK.

February wheat..... \$ 1 45

The tendency of the market steady.

RETAIL MARKET.

Corrected daily by G. W. GEISEL, grocer, Sec-
ond street, Maysville, Ky.

FLOUR.

Limestone..... \$ 8 50

Maysville Family..... 7 75

Maysville City..... 8 25

Mason County..... 7 75

Elizaville Family..... 7 50

Batter, 1/2 lb..... 30

Lard, 1/2 lb..... 14 $\frac{1}{2}$

Eggs, 1/2 doz..... 20

Meat, 1/2 peck..... 25

Chickens..... 19 $\frac{1}{2}$

Turkeys dressed 1/2 lb..... 10 @ 11

Buckwheat, 1/2 lb..... 6

Molasses, fancy..... 55

Coal Oil, 1/2 gal..... 20

Sugar, granulated 1/2 lb..... 11 $\frac{1}{2}$

" A. 1/2 lb..... 11

" yellow 1/2 lb..... 9 @ 10

Hams, sugar cured 1/2 lb..... 15

Bacon, breakfast 1/2 lb..... 14 @ 15

Hominy, 1/2 gallon..... 25

Beans, 1/2 gallon..... 50

Potatoes 1/2 peck..... 80 @ 40

oats..... 15 @ 20

AUGUST ELECTION 1882.

For Jailer.

We are authorized to announce JAMES
HENDRIXON as an independent candidate
for Jailer of Mason county at the ensuing Au-
gust election.

WANTS.

WANTED—Any one having a small dwel-
ling for rent to call on
M. F. MARSH, No. 12, Court St.

WANTED—All persons knowing them-
selves to be indebted to Dr. E. W. Ruth
will please call upon me at their earliest con-
venience and settle. G. A. McCRAKEN,
Second street opp. Postoffice.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A good frame dwelling of four
rooms and a kitchen, in the west end. Ap-
ply at 1131 THIS OFFICE.

FOR RENT—A brick house in good repair
containing seven rooms, on Front street,
next to R. Albert's, Apply to
JAMES RICE.

For Ripley, Dover, Higginsport, An-
gusta, Chillicothe, Foster, Moscow, New
Richmond and Cincinnati.

MORNING MAIL..... E. S. MORGAN, Master.
F. A. BRYSON and RONY McCALL, Clerks.

Leaving Maysville at 11:30
a.m. Arriving at Cincinnati
at 5 p. m.

UPPER OHIO.

Cincinnati, Wheeling and Pittsburg.
DAILY 5 P. M., PACKET LINE.
J. N. WILLIAMSON, Sup't, Office 4 Pole Lane,
Monday....SCOTIA—F. Murray,
Tuesday....ST. LAWRENCE—Wm. List,
Wednesday....KATIE STOCKDALE—Culhoun,
Thursday....HUDSON—Sandford,
Friday....ANDES—C. Mulleman,
Saturday....EMMA GRAHAM—H. Knowles.

Freight received on Mc-
Coy's wharf, foot Main
st., at all hours. J. Shearer
& Co., Roue & Moser, Agents.

Cincinnati, Portsmouth, Big Sandy &
Pomeroy Packet Company.

JOHN KYLE, Pres., H. E. GREENE, Sec.,
L. GLENN, Treas., W. P. WALKER, Jr., Agent.

C. AND O. R. R. PACKET FOR HUNTINGTON,
FLEETWOOD—Daily, 1 P. M.—BOSTON, N.
For Pomeroy and All Way Landings.

OHIO..... Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, 5 P. M.

TELEGRAPH..... Tuesdays, Fridays, 6 P. M.

POTOMAC..... Wednesdays, Saturdays, 5 P. M.

Portsmouth, all Mail and Way Landings.

BONANZA, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays,
MAYSBY, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, 12 M.

MORNING MAIL..... Daily, Leaving Cincinnati

7 A. M. Maysville, 3 P. M.

Freight received on wharf-
boat, foot of Broadway, C.
M. BOLLOWAY, Superintendent.

Vanceburg, Maysville to Cincinnati
3-Weekly Packet.

W. P. THOMPSON..... H. L. REDDEN, Capt.

Moss Taylor, Purser.

USEFUL HINTS.

A PIECE of zinc placed on the live coals in a hot stove will effectually clean out a stove-pipe, the vapors produced carrying off soot by chemical decomposition.

AN Eastern physician states that in families that roast their own coffee diphtheria cannot get a foothold, as the pungent aroma of the roasting coffee effectually destroys the germs of the disease.

VIOLET INK STAINS.—To remove, without trouble, the stains of violet ink caused by the upsetting of a bottle of that fluid upon any garment, lay it immediately in clear, cold water and rub out the ink as far as it will come out, then lay it out on the grass, when it will disappear. Lay calico goods out with the wrong side to the sun.

To KEEP machinery from rusting: Take one-half ounce of camphor; dissolve in one pound of melted lard; take off the scum and mix in as much fine black lead as will give it an iron color. Clean the machinery and smear with the mixture. After twenty-four hours rub clean with a soft linen cloth. It will keep clean for months under ordinary circumstances.

Good WASHING FLUID.—Take one pound of washing soda, one-quarter of a pound of unslaked lime and one gallon of water. Boil up and when cold pour off clear. Use one teacupful to a boiler of clothes, and it will take out almost any stains, leaving the garment clear and white, even though it has scarcely been rubbed at all. It is very simple, and when washing is done in the house a wonderful labor-saver. It will not cause the slightest injury to the most delicate fabrics. Not half the injury that the washboard is to even the stouter goods.

To Stop Nose-BLEED.—The *Scientific American* gives the following novel plan: The best remedy for bleeding at the nose, as given by Dr. Gleason in one of his lectures, is in the vigorous motion of the jaws as if in the act of chewing. In the case of a child a wad of paper should be placed in its mouth, and the child should be instructed to chew it hard. It is the motion of the jaws that stops the flow of blood. The remedy is so very simple that many will feel inclined to laugh at it, but it never has been known to fail in a single instance, even in very severe cases.

MOTHERS and nurses cannot be too careful about the soap they use on the little ones. Few but physicians know how many of the so-called skin diseases among children are caused by the use of adulterated, poisonous soap. An analysis of several cakes of the pretty and perfumed toilet soaps that are sold on the streets showed the presence of ground glass, soluble glass, silex, pipe-clay, rotten stone, borax, plaster of paris, tin crystal, magnesia, pumice stone, oat meal and other substances, which are said to give the soap weight, toughness or cleanness. The common colorings are vermilion, Venetian red and carmine, ultramarine green, pot pigment green, copperas, Spanish brown, ultramarine blues, yellow and scarlet aniline and burnt umber. Many of the perfuming ingredients, though harmless in themselves, become chemically poisonous by admixture. Adding the dangers from all these to the rancid, diseased, putrid qualities of grease used, and mothers may well be appalled at the permanent evils their neat-looking, delicately-scented blocks of toilet soap contain, ready to be released whenever moistened and applied to baby's body.

A LONDON journalist says that he had occasion to have the same prescription put up at the druggists' stores in various cities in Europe at the following charges: Bucharest, 12.50 francs; Athens, 5 francs; Munich, 4.15 francs; Stuttgart, 4.15 francs; Paris, 12.50 francs, and London, 8 francs.

AN Iowa dog has cost its owner \$950 in damages for bites, and the man declares that impudent neighbors hang around on purpose to be bitten, knowing that he settled the claims promptly. It is hard to decide whether to class this a fact or a biting sarcasm.

THE SUN.

NEW YORK 1882.

The Sun for 1882, will make its fifteenth annual revolution under the present management, as always, for all, big and little, mean and gracious, contented and unhappy, Republican and Democratic, depraved and virtuous, intelligent and obtuse. The Sun's light is for mankind and womankind of every sort, but its genial warmth is for the good, while it pours hot discomfort on the blistering backs of the persistently wicked.

The Sun of 1882 was a newspaper of a new kind. It discarded many of the forms, and a multitude of the superfluous words and phrases of ancient journalism. It undertook to report in a fresh, succinct, unconventional way all the news of the world, omitting no event of human interest, and commenting upon affairs with the fearlessness of absolute independence. The success of this experiment was the success of the Sun.

It effected a permanent change in the style of American newspapers. Every important journal established in this country in the dozen years past has been modelled after the Sun. Every important journal already existing has been modelled and bettered by the force of the Sun's example.

The Sun of 1882 will be the same outspoken, truth-telling, and interesting newspaper.

By a liberal use of the means which an abundant prosperity affords, we shall make it better than ever before.

We shall print all the news, putting it into readable shape, and measuring its importance, not by the traditional yardstick, but by its real interest to the people. Distance from Printing House Square is not the first consideration with the Sun. Whenever anything happens worth reporting we get the particulars, whether it happens in Brooklyn or in Bohemia.

In politics we have decided opinions, and are accustomed to express them in language that can be understood. We say what we think about men and eve ts. That habit is the only secret the Sun's political course.

The Weekly Sun gathers into eight pages the best matter of the seven daily issues. An Agricultural Department of the unequalled merit, full market reports, and a liberal proportion of literary, scientific and domestic intelligence complete the Weekly Sun, and make it the best newspaper for the farmer's household that was ever printed.

Who does not know and read and like the Sunday Sun, each number of which is a Gondola of interesting literature, with the poetry of the day, prose every line worth reading, news, humor—matter enough to fill a good-sized book, and infinitely more varied and entertaining than any book, big or little?

If our idea of what a newspaper should be pleases you, send for the Sun.

Our terms are as follows.

For the daily Sun, a four-page sheet of twenty-eighty columns, the price by mail, is 55 cents a month, or \$6.50 a year, or including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents per month, or \$7.50 a year, postage paid.

The Sunday edition of the Sun is also furnished separately at \$1.20 a year, postage paid.

The price of the Weekly Sun, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is \$1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending \$10 we will send an extra copy free.

Address I. W. ENGLAND,
Publisher of the Sun, New York City.

WILLARD HOTEL Lottery Drawing,

14TH FEBRUARY, 1882,

or MONEY REFUNDED

LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 10, 1881.

Resolved, That the Board of Commissioners consent to a postponement of the drawing of the Willard Hotel Lottery, until the 14th day of February, 1882, and they will not consent to any further postponement of the same.

ROBERT MALLORY, Chairman.

By the above resolution this drawing must and will be held on the day fixed, or money distributed back to ticket-holders.

If enough tickets are sold before date fixed, the drawing will be held, and notice of same will be given through the papers.

LIST OF PRIZES:

The Willard Hotel with all its fixtures and furniture.	\$250,000
One Residence on Green Street.	\$15,000
One Residence on Green Street.	15,000
Two Cash Prizes, each \$5,000.	10,000
Two Cash Prizes, each \$2,000.	4,000
Five Cash Prizes, each \$2,000.	5,000
Five Cash Prizes, each \$500.	2,500
Fifty Cash Prizes, each \$100.	5,000
One Hundred Cash Prizes, each \$50.	5,000
Five Hundred Cash Prizes, each \$20.	10,000
One Set of Bar Furniture.	1,000
One Fine Piano.	500
One Handsome Silver Tea Set.	100
100 Boxes Old Bourbon Whisky, \$3.	14,400
10 Baskets Champagne, \$5.	50
Five Hundred Cash Prizes, each \$10.	5,000
400 Boxes Fine Wines, \$30.	12,000
200 Boxes Robertson County Whisky, \$30.	6,000
400 Boxes Havana Cigars, \$10.	4,000
Five Hundred Cash Prizes, each \$10.	5,000

AMOUNTING TO \$369,850.

Tickets, \$8; Halves, \$4; Quarters, \$2.

Remittances may be made by Bank, Check, Express, Postal Money Order, or Registered Mail.

Responsible agents wanted at all points. For circulars giving full information and for tickets, address W. C. D. WHIPPS,
Willard Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will offer at Public Sale, on Wednesday, Jan. 25, 1882, on the premises, one mile North-West of Cynthiana, on the Tricentury Turnpike, a

DESIRABLE FARM OF 120 ACRES.
Toll free, rich land, comfortable improvements, fine fruit, good water. Itw G. H. GIVENS.

New York Weekly Herald

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

The circulation of this popular newspaper is constantly increasing. It contains all the leading news of the Daily Herald and is arranged in handy departments.

FOREIGN NEWS

embraces special dispatches from all quarters of the globe. Under the head of

AMERICAN NEWS

are given the Telegraph Dispatches of the week from all parts of the Union. This features alone makes

THE WEEKLY HERALD

the most valuable chronicle in the world, and it is the cheapest. Every week is given a faithful report of

POLITICAL NEWS

embracing complete and comprehensive dispatches from Washington including full reports of the speeches of eminent politicians on the questions of the hour

THE FARM DEPARTMENT

of the Weekly Herald gives the latest as well as the most practical suggestions and discoveries relating to the duties of the farmer, hints for raising Cattle, Poultry, Grain, Trees, Vegetables, &c., &c., with suggestions for keeping buildings and farming utensils in repair. This is supplemented by a well-edited department, widely copied, under the head of

THE HOME

giving recipes for practical dishes, hints for making clothing and for keeping up with the latest fashions at the lowest price. Every item of cooking or economy suggested in this department is practically tested by experts before publication. Letters from our Paris and London correspondents on the very latest fashions. The Home Department of the Weekly Herald will save the housewife more than one hundred times the price of the paper. The interest of

SKILLED LABOR

are looked after, and everything relating to mechanics and labor saving is carefully recorded. There is a page devoted to the all the latest phase of the business markets, crops, merchandise, &c., &c. A valuable feature is found in the specially reported prices and conditions of the

PRODUCE MARKET

Sporting News at home and abroad, together with a Story every week, a Sermon by some eminent divine, Literary, Musical, Dramatic, Personal and Sea Notes. There is no paper in the world which contains so much news matter every week as the Weekly Herald, which is sent, postage free, for One Dollar. You can subscribe at any time.

The New York Herald in a weekly form, One Dollar a year. Address,

NEW YORK HERALD,
112 Broadway and Ann Street New York.

Miss LOU. POWLING'S,

Second street opp. Washington Opera House,

Is the Best Place

To obtain the latest styles of

Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, French Flowers and Millinery Goods

In general.

ZEPHYRS in all colors.

Holiday buyers will find at my establishment many desirable goods suitable for gifts at prices that defy competition. Before buying elsewhere give me a call.

Master Commissioner's Notice.

Mason Circuit Court.

Susan H. Gilmore, vs. Order.

Louisa Gilmore et al.

In pursuance of an order in the above action all the creditors of Hugh Gilmore, will appear before me at my office in the Court House and present and prove their claims by the 20th day of January, 1882. GARRETT S. WALL, Master Com. M. C. C.

Master Commissioner's Notice.

Mason Circuit Court.

Collins, Rudy & Co. vs. Order.

James H. Hall, Sr. et al. Defendants.

By virtue of an order in the above action, all the creditors of the Building Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church—known as Mitchell's Chapel—are notified to present their claims at my office at Court House, Maysville, Ky., on or before January 20th, 1882.

GARRETT S. WALL,
Master Commissioner.

H. H. COX,

Has opened his

BOOK BINDERY

ON COURT STREET,

East side, Eagle Office Building.

841.

\$72 WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made
Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & CO.,
Augusta, Maine.

CITY AND COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Courts—Circuit Court.

Judge—A. E. Cole.
Commonwealth's Attorney—T. A. Curran.
Clerk—B. D. Parry.
Sheriff—J. C. Pickett.
Deputies: { Dan Perrine.
J. H. Rice.

Jailer—Ed. Gault.
Tuesday after second Monday in January,
April, July and October in each year.

County Court.

Judge—G. S. Wall.

County Attorney—J. L. Whitaker.

Clerk—W. W. Ball.

Second Monday of each month.

Quarterly Court.

Tuesday after second Monday in March, June,
September and December in each year.

Magistrates Courts.

Maysville, No. 1—W. H. Pollock and J. L. Grant, first and third Tuesdays in March, June, September and December.

Maysville, No. 2—Wm. Pepper and W. L. Holton, first Saturday and fourth Tuesday, same months.

Dover, No. 3—A. A. Gibbon and A. F. Dobyns, first and third Wednesday, same month.

Minerva, No. 4—O. N. Weaver and J. H. Watson, first and third Tuesdays, same months.

Germantown, No. 5—S. F. Pollock and James Fegan, first and third Saturdays, same months.

Sardis, No. 6—J. M. Bell and J. W. Tolton, second and fourth Saturdays, same months.

Maysville, No. 7—C. W. Williams and J. D. Raymond, second and fourth Fridays, same months.

Lewisburg, No. 8—J. M. Alexander and Abner Hord, second and fourth Thursdays, same months.

Orangeburg, No. 9—W. D. Coryell and W. J. Tully, first Saturday and last Monday, same months.

Washington, No. 10—John Ryan and James Smithers, fourth Tuesday and third Wednesday, same months.